

WELCOME TO THE PRESIDENT SHOWERS ABUNDANT PRAISE ON BEAUTIFUL SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA

President's City Programme Filled With Interesting Features.

THE following is the official programme to be followed by President Roosevelt during his stay in San Francisco:

TUESDAY, MAY 12.

2:15 p. m.—Arrival of the train with the Presidential party at Third and Townsend streets. Short reception ceremony by the executive committee. Escorting of the whole party to carriages. The arrival of the President will be announced by the firing of a Presidential salute by the Naval Reserve in the vicinity of the depot.

2:20 p. m.—Military procession will move under command of Major General MacArthur, United States army, and Major Dickinson, N. G. C. The procession will start from the depot at Third and Townsend streets, up Third to Market, down Market to Montgomery, up Montgomery to Sutter, up Sutter to Kearny, down Kearny to Market, out Market to Van Ness avenue, on Van Ness avenue passing in review before the President's carriage, which will be located between California and Pine streets.

4:00 p. m.—The President and party will proceed to the Young Men's Christian Association building, where the President will take part in the dedicatory exercises and burn the mortgage, after which he will deliver an address.

4:40 p. m.—The President and party will visit Press Club rooms and sign his name. The President and party will proceed to the Palace Hotel, where a reception will be given exclusively to the foreign consular service, military and naval officers and reception committee in the Meigs room.

7:30 p. m.—The illumination of Market street with 25,000 electric lights and a public concert given at the junction of Market, Kearny and Third streets by a grand military band under the leadership of Paul Steindorf.

7:40 p. m.—Golden banquet, tendered by the citizens of San Francisco to President Roosevelt, will take place at the Palace Hotel.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 13.

9:00 a. m.—The President and party will leave the Palace Hotel, escorted by a squadron of cavalry under the command of Lieutenant Colonel Garrard, and the executive committee, and proceed up Market street to Geary, up Geary to Mason and up Mason to the Native Sons' Hall, where a reception will be given to the President by the Native Sons of the Golden West and the Old California Pioneers. A solid gold souvenir will be presented to the President at the same time. After these occasions the President will leave by the following route:

From Native Sons' Hall down Mason street to O'Farrell and out O'Farrell to Van Ness avenue.

10:00 a. m.—The President will review the school children on Van Ness avenue. The children will assemble on both sides of the street, and the President will ride in his carriage in front of both of these lines. After the review of the school children the President will proceed by the following route to the Presidio:

Out Pacific avenue to Scott street, on Scott to Jackson, to Central avenue, entrance of the Presidio.

11:30 a. m.—After a drive through the Presidio the President will witness a review of the United States troops stationed in this harbor under the command of Major General MacArthur. The review will take place on what is known as the golf links in the military reservation.

12:00 p. m.—The President and party will leave the Presidio and proceed to Golden Gate Park, to the Fifth-avenue entrance, and will then drive through the Park to the ocean beach, and along the beach to the Cliff House, where the party will lunch as the guests of the executive committee. During the lunch Doctor Reitz will give an exhibition by jumping into the ocean and saving himself by his kite life-saving apparatus.

1:45 p. m.—The President and party will leave the Cliff House and proceed through the park to the Baker-street entrance.

2:15 p. m.—The President will turn the first shovel of earth inaugurating the work for the erection of a monument to the late President McKinley, and will also make the dedicatory speech.

2:30 p. m.—The President and party will then drive to the armory of the First Regiment, corner of Page and Gough streets, by the following route:

Baker street to Dolan street, to Golden Gate avenue, then to Gough street, to Page, where a reception will be held by the veterans of the Spanish war.

2:50 p. m.—The President and party will then drive by the following route:

To Market street, to Van Ness avenue, to Post street, to Larkin, to Sutter, to Golden Gate Hall on Sutter street, where they will visit the encampment of the G. A. R. of the States of Nevada and California. The President and party will then return to the Palace Hotel by the following route:

Down Sutter street to Kearny, to Market, to the Palace Hotel.

8:30 p. m.—Grand illumination of Market street and night procession of the President with a military escort through Market street to Mechanics' Pavilion. A brilliant display of fireworks will then take place on Market street while the procession is moving.

The pupils of the public evening schools will be reviewed on Market street, between Seventh and Eighth.

9:15 p. m.—The Palace Hotel will be opened for the admittance of the people to the mass meeting. No seats will be reserved except on the Presidential stand, and the stand will be opened. Commencing at 8 p. m. a concert will be given in the pavilion by a band of forty pieces under the leadership of Paul Steindorf.

9:45 p. m.—The President will arrive in the grand stand.

THURSDAY, MAY 14.

The President and party with military escort will leave the Palace Hotel and proceed up Market street to Powell, up Powell to Post and down Post to the central entrance of Union square. The President will then dedicate the monument erected in honor of our navy and the victory of our fleet in Manila Bay, under the command of Admiral Dewey. After the dedication the Presidential party and military escort will proceed down Post street to Kearny, Kearny to Market, to East, then to the United States transport dock, where the President will proceed to Berkeley.

10:45 a. m.—The President and party will take part in the commencement exercises of the University of California at Berkeley.

1:00 p. m.—The Presidential party will proceed to Oakland, where they will take part in the ceremony as prepared by the citizens of that city.

4:00 p. m.—The President and party will go aboard the torpedo boat cutter, the Paul Jones, and proceed to Vallejo to lay the cornerstone of the Y. M. C. A. Auxiliary Club House, to be erected for the benefit of seamen. They will then inspect Mare Island Navy Yard, after which they will return to San Francisco.

8:00 p. m.—Banquet tendered to President Roosevelt by the Union League Club at the Palace Hotel.

Leaves 12:25 for the Yosemite.

HOTEL TO BE GUARDED.

Guests at the Palace Will Be Provided With Passes.

The Chief of Police and the assistant managers of the Palace Hotel held a conference yesterday morning relative to the necessary precautions to be taken for the comfort of the Presidential party during its stay in that hostelry. In an-

icipation of the probability that a big crowd will attempt to enter the hotel on the evenings of Tuesday and Thursday next, the nights of the banquets, it was decided to close the establishment to all outsiders. Guests and others who find it necessary to enter the hotel will be provided with cards, which will be shown to the police officers who will guard the several entrances.

Chief Wittman informed the hotel managers that he will have a detail of police at the hotel during the entire stay of the President, and on the evening of the banquets an additional detail of twenty-five officers, in citizen clothes, will be stationed about the interior. The United States Secret Service will also have a number of agents stationed in the hotel, but they will act independently of the city's officers, as has been their custom all over the nation since the Presidential party has visited.

Hugh McCulloch Sails.

The United States revenue cutter Hugh McCulloch sailed yesterday for Puget Sound, where she will be used as a yacht by President Roosevelt during his visit to that part of the country.



THE PRESIDENT'S ARRIVAL AT SAN BERNARDINO.



PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT AND GOVERNOR PARDEE LEAVING REDLANDS.

Enthusiastic Greeting at the Cities

Continued From Page 31, Column 5.

Uncle Sam. (Applause.) At every stop here in your State I am met by representatives of the Grand Army of the Republic of the men to whom we owe it that because they showed their faith by their works when works meant blood and toil and effort well nigh superhuman, because they did that when I come here I come to a people living under the flag that floats from the Gulf to the Great Lakes in the Eastern half of our land. It is because of what they did that there is a President to come here at all; it is because of what they did that when I come here I see the men of the United States navy ashore here in uniform; it is because of what they did that when war came in 1898, the great warship Oregon steamed southward from California around the Cape, up the Atlantic, in time to take part in the decisive victory of Santiago harbor.

"The fundamental lesson to learn from one end of this country to the other is the essential unity of our people, and I need not say that I am glad to see how here I see the men of the United States navy ashore here in uniform; it is because of what they did that when war came in 1898, the great warship Oregon steamed southward from California around the Cape, up the Atlantic, in time to take part in the decisive victory of Santiago harbor.

"I wonder whether you really appreciate how beautiful your country is. Sometimes people grow so familiar with their surroundings that they fail entirely to appreciate them. I had read and heard of the marvelous beauty of California, the beauty of your climate, the wonderful fertility of your soil, but I had not realized, I could not realize it until I saw it. It seems to me as if there could not be another spot on the world's surface blessed in quite the same way as this has been blessed. And now, as much as has been given you, so much must be expected of you. You have by good fortune been placed down in this beautiful region with its wonderful climate, with its soil, with all the change for development that it offers, so we have a right to expect a particularly high type of American citizenship from you.

"I have been delighted to see the orange groves, to see your olive orchards, to see all the marvelous products of this soil, the products, temperate and semitropical. Of course, in the last analysis the material prosperity of any country rests more, even than upon its manufactures, its commerce or its mines, upon what is successfully accomplished by its men to act in combination for the common good, but I ask you also as you will not inflict wrong, so to suffer it. I ask you to remember that though the law can do something, that though the honest administration of the law can do more, though that something more can be done by acting in organization, that yet in the long run, the ultimate analysis, each

commonplace virtues, for the lack of which in the individual, as in the nation, no 'brilliance, no genius can ever atone. As a nation and individually we must show the fundamental qualities of hardihood, courage, manliness, of decency, morality, clean living, fair dealing as between man and man, of common sense, the saving grace of common sense. We must show the qualities which made us as a nation able to free ourselves in 1776, able to preserve our national existence in 1861, and if we fail to show them we will go down, and because we will show them we will make this country the mightiest on which the sun has ever shone.

"New methods must be devised for meeting the various problems which come up. Our complex industrial civilization, with its great concentration of population and of capital in cities, with its extraordinary increase in the rapidity and ease of communication, alike of news and transportation, the complex civilization has brought new problems before us. It has brought much of the good and some evil, but it has not altered in the slightest the need of the old fundamental virtues. Now in civil life no man can be allowed to put himself above the law, the law that is to check greed and violence, that is to put a stop to every form of outrage by one man against another, the law under and through which alone can we preserve republican institutions and democratic liberty.

"You of the great West forever established the fact that there should be no appeal to sectional hate in this country, and just as evil is it to strive to arouse any spirit of antagonism based on class or creed. Any form of hatred of one's neighbor is hostile to the spirit of our Government, whether it take the shape of the arrogant, who look down upon those who are less well off, which would oppress those less able to protect themselves, or of the rancor and envy which regard with jealous ill will those who are better off. Either feeling is unworthy of American freemen. (Applause.) I make my appeal to you, my fellow citizens, in the name of those qualities which underlie the very existence, the very form of our Government. I ask for the willingness of each to help the other, for the readiness of men to act in combination for the common good, but I ask you also as you will not inflict wrong, so to suffer it. I ask you to remember that though the law can do something, that though the honest administration of the law can do more, though that something more can be done by acting in organization, that yet in the long run, the ultimate analysis, each

Continued on Page 37, Column 3.

Country Folk Hurry to Town.

THE advance guard of the legion from the interior that will attend the Presidential festivities in San Francisco arrived yesterday, and every train that arrives between this time and next Tuesday evening will augment the throng of transients. The work of decorating buildings along the proposed route of the procession and adjacent thereto is going ahead with vigor. The city will be beautifully dressed for the occasion. The illumination promises to be a leading feature of the reception event.

The citizens' reception committee, M. H. de Young, president, is entitled to special commendation for enterprise displayed in conducting the work of preparation in a systematic manner. The Police Department, School Department and Board of Public Works are co-operating in good style.

Yesterday President de Young made the gratifying announcement that all the money needed for carrying out the plans for a highly creditable reception of the chief executive of the nation had been contributed. He supplemented the announcement with a declaration that the money would be expended.

The review of school children on Van Ness avenue will be enticed by the presence of a band of forty pieces. The children will be delighted also by the display of daylight fireworks.

The edict goes forth from the citizens' committee that the guests attending the golden banquet at the Palace Hotel next Friday evening must be apparelled in white vests. The decree provides for white neckties.

The subscription list to the banquet is up to the limit of accommodation at the tables. A few places have been reserved for prominent men, who have failed to report their acceptance of the invitation. It is noted that Horace G. Platt's name is not on the revised list of speakers. The story goes that he declined to be the last speaker on the programme, fearing that the lateness would compel a departure of many guests before his time for speaking would come.

The committee on the dedication of the Young Men's Christian Association building has nearly completed arrangements and everything will be in readiness May 12, at 6 o'clock, when President Roosevelt is expected to arrive. A souvenir programme will be published. The programme will be varied but very brief. The Rev. George C. Adams, D. D., is to make the dedicatory prayer. Dr. Clappett will also speak for a few minutes, but the principal address will be given by the President. All parties who have made subscriptions to the building fund through Mrs. John P. Merrill, chairman of the Mothers' Tribute fund, or through the finance committee, are requested to send the amount of their subscriptions at once to William H. Crocker, treasurer, association building, Mason and Ellis streets. The committee hopes there will be no delay in the sending of these subscriptions, as all money is now due and payable.

The California Promotion Committee is issuing 100,000 official programmes to commemorate President Roosevelt's stay in San Francisco. The programmes are printed in brown ink block type on a three-page folder of manila paper. They will be distributed free of charge Monday morning, May 11, at the headquarters of the Promotion Committee, 25 New Montgomery street. The printing of this official programme was authorized by the San Francisco citizens' executive committee in charge of affairs during the President's visit. The programme gives as near as possible the time and place of every function in which the President will preside.

It is announced that President Roosevelt will be received by the Veterans of the Spanish War at National Guard Armory, corner Page and Gough streets, at 2:30 p. m., Wednesday, May 13.

Members of the Ohio Society have arranged to give the Cleveland Grays a banquet at the Cliff House Monday evening, May 11. The guests are expected to be at the Cliff House at 6 p. m. Special new cars have been provided to bring the party to the city after the banquet. Edward Magnus' band of twenty-five pieces will head the Cleveland Grays in the procession next Tuesday.

have passed the stage as a nation when we can afford to tolerate the man whose aim it is merely to skin the soil and go on, to skin the country, to take off the timber to exhaust it, and go on. Our aim must be by laws promotive of irrigation, by laws securing the wise use in perpetuity of the forests, by laws shaped in every way to promote the permanent interests of the country. Our aim must be to hand over to our children not an impoverished but an improved heritage. That is the part of wisdom for our people. We wish to hand over our country to our children in better shape, not in worse shape, than we ourselves got it. (Applause.)

"I have congratulated you upon your material well being, and upon the steps that you are taking still further to increase that material well being. I wish further to congratulate you upon what counts even more than material prosperity, upon taking care of the interests that go to make up the higher life of the nation. I am greeted here by men who wear the button that shows that they proved true to a lofty ideal when Abraham Lincoln called to arms in the hour of the nation's agony. (Applause.)

"Our nation showed itself great in those days because the nation's sons in '61 and the years immediately following had it in them to care for something more even than material well being, to depend upon their own strength, to lift toward lofty things which only generous souls can feel. I see around me the men who took part in the great Civil War, whose presence should make every man who preaches, for their practice preaches louder than any words of mine could. (Applause.)

"I have seen everywhere through your State in addition the care you are taking in educating the children. I have been struck by the word of greeting to the men who deserve so well of the nation, so I wish to say a special word of greeting to the future—to the children—to those who are to be the men of the future, whose presence should make every man who preaches, for their practice preaches louder than any words of mine could. (Applause.)

Continued on Page 37, Column 4.



NATION'S PRESIDENT DELIVERING A STRENUOUS ADDRESS AT SAN BERNARDINO. THE PHOTOGRAPH AND THOSE ACCOMPANYING IT WERE TAKEN BY THE CALL'S STAFF PHOTOGRAPHER.

Noted Guest at Mission.

Continued From Page 31, Column 5.

ures and asked numerous questions concerning them and the mission and he departed rich in the lore of the old building.

He was then taken to the magnificent decorated stand which stood in the large vacant block known as the Murphy block, near the Southern Pacific depot. The stand was a bower of roses, sweet peas, poppies and evergreens. It had been prepared by the Woman's Club and the Native Daughters and was a finished production. His appearance upon the stand was a signal for another mighty outburst of enthusiasm and it was some time before it was quiet enough for him to speak. As soon as it was still, without an introduction, he began and so eager was the crowd to catch every word that he was uninterrupted by applause until the close of his speech. He spoke as follows:

"It is with great pleasure I have the chance of meeting you this afternoon. For three days now I have been travelling through your wonderful and beautiful State and I marvel at its fertility. I am not surprised to see you looking happy. I should be ashamed of you if you did not. (Applause.) I know of this county in connection with certain Eastern agricultural products, for unless I mistake those who offered prizes for the largest vegetables and fruits of certain kinds have had to bar the products from this county because they invariably won the prizes. (Applause.)

"I know of one Eastern producer who said that the products of this county would have to be barred because he had spent already \$500 in prizes to the county

and gotten back but \$14 for seeds. I have forgotten all of the records that you have in the county. I know that the largest pumpkin, watermelon and onion came from here, so that your agricultural products have made a name for themselves to be feared. Of course, in stock raising and dairying the county stands equally prominent.

"I am glad to learn that the State of California is erecting here the polytechnic institution for giving all the scientific training in the arts of farming. More than a signal for another mighty outburst of enthusiasm and it was some time before it was quiet enough for him to speak. As soon as it was still, without an introduction, he began and so eager was the crowd to catch every word that he was uninterrupted by applause until the close of his speech. He spoke as follows:

"It is with great pleasure I have the chance of meeting you this afternoon. For three days now I have been travelling through your wonderful and beautiful State and I marvel at its fertility. I am not surprised to see you looking happy. I should be ashamed of you if you did not. (Applause.) I know of this county in connection with certain Eastern agricultural products, for unless I mistake those who offered prizes for the largest vegetables and fruits of certain kinds have had to bar the products from this county because they invariably won the prizes. (Applause.)

"I know of one Eastern producer who said that the products of this county would have to be barred because he had spent already \$500 in prizes to the county