

NEWS OF THE BANKING WORLD

Some Items of Interest to the Men in City's Financial Circles.

THE moving of the people's money from the City Hall to the California Safe Deposit building, Montgomery and California streets, last Tuesday morning was a spectacular procession. The treasury, about \$8,000,000 in gold, besides bonds and securities, aggregating fully \$7,000,000, might have been carried through the streets without attracting much attention from pedestrians. It was the escort of the city officials and the detail of police, mounted on horses and riding on the gold-laden wagons, which attracted general attention along the entire route, and curiously tempted a large crowd to block the sidewalk in front of the new quarters of the City Treasurer.

Moving millions is not entirely new in San Francisco. The Wells Fargo Nevada National Bank carted its vast millions through the streets in April of 1905 from Montgomery and Pine streets to Market and Sansome, and later in the year carted the gold and valuables back again.

The Bank of California years ago moved its immense wealth from Battery and Washington streets to California and Sansome, and made two moves in recent years, though the latter were within one block and did not require the services of trucks.

The greatest wealth which traveled through the streets of San Francisco was probably when the United States Sub-Treasury was moved from its location on Commercial street to the United States Mint on Fifth street.

San Francisco Chapter, American Institute of Banking, will hold its annual meeting and election on Tuesday, May 18th. Nomination night has been set for Tuesday, April 18th. Under the new constitution nominations must be made not less than thirty days prior to the election.

Upon the recommendation of the board of governors, the chapter at its last meeting unanimously endorsed Frank M. Corin, president of Oakland Chapter, as a candidate for place on the executive committee, to be chosen at the national convention to be held in Seattle next June.

Professor A. C. Whitaker of Stanford University delivered the second of his series of lectures before the chapter last Tuesday evening, which was fully as interesting and entertaining as the first. The subject was "Foolish Corporate Combinations and the Solution of the Trust Problem."

The merger between the Anglo-California Bank and the London Paris National Bank, completed April 1st, will be the name of the Anglo and London Paris National Bank. A general meeting of the stockholders of the Anglo Bank will be held in London on March 30th. The yearly statement of the bank will be submitted and the dividend of 8 per cent per annum will be declared.

The Bank of San Leandro has established a branch at Elmhurst, with the following officers: President, L. C. Morehouse; vice-president, A. B. Carr; treasurer, secretary and cashier, Charles H. Hale.

The Turlock Savings Bank has been organized with a paid-up capital of \$10,000 and been in business since March 18th, under the management of the following officers: President, Edgar Johnson; vice-president, Claus Barker; treasurer, secretary and cashier, C. O. Anderson.

Several capitalists are about to organize a State bank in Los Gatos, under the title of the Farmers and Merchants Bank of Los Gatos. The new bank will be opened as soon as the license shall be issued.

Items of Interest to the State's Guardsmen



Brigadier-General John A. Koster and Three Members of the Citizens' Committee Who Were Instrumental in Securing an Army for San Francisco.

A BRIEF telegram from Assistant Adjutant-General Bradbury last Tuesday informed General Koster that the San Francisco army bill had passed the Senate and only needed the Governor's signature to make it a law.

After months of campaigning, in which the military authorities and the civic bodies have been working together, the passage of the bill has been secured. It means much to the San Francisco guardsmen and also to the State and the Nation.

The following non-commissioned officers have been appointed by Colonel Smith, upon the recommendation of the company commanders: Company A, Private Orin David Cummins, to be corporal; Company E, Private William St. Aubrey Burdett, to be corporal; Company G, Corporal Andrew Magnus Johnson, to be sergeant; Private Alexis Schmidt, to be corporal; Private Carl Robertson, to be corporal; Company I, Corporal William H. Dexter, to be sergeant; Private Leo A. Jacker, to be sergeant; Private Fred Simmons Young, to be sergeant; Private Norman M. Sweet, to be corporal; Company M, Corporal Paul Gerhard Ruten, to be sergeant; Private Henry Clinton Numan, to be corporal.

The National Guard owes the civic organization of the city a debt of gratitude, declared General Koster, when the news reached him. "It has patriotically come to our assistance, and the success of the undertaking has been largely due to its persistent and effective campaign. We are especially indebted to the Chamber of Commerce, the Merchants' Exchange, the Commonwealth Club, the Real Estate Board, the Merchants' Association, the Manufacturers and Producers' Association, and the Civic League, for the strong backing they gave us throughout the fight."

The passage of the army bill has been received with applause by those engaged in recruiting the new companies of Coast Artillery. There are six companies, well under way, which with the four companies of the Fifth Infantry to be transferred to that arm of the service, will make ten out of the fifteen companies needed to man the harbor defenses.

Dr. B. L. Schmidt, an assistant of Dr. Blue, is recruiting two companies of Coast Artillery. The recruits are recruited from discharged artillerymen of the Army. R. H. DeFinnis also has a company partly recruited, and Frank Schenck, C. E. Creighton and Samuel Russell are reported to be ready and awaiting word from the Governor that he is ready to commission them officers under the new law.

In special order No. 3 Colonel Smith, commanding the Fifth Infantry, makes known the number of discharges granted during the month. There were thirty-one men who severed their connection with the guard. Of this number seven were demobilized for the good of the service, three on account of expiration of enlistment, one on account of improper enlistment, and the rest because of removal from the cities in which their companies are located.

GOSSIP AMONG PUBLIC SCHOOLS

News Notes of Interest to the Educators and Pupils of San Francisco.

SCHOOLS all over the world are making the teaching of modern languages more and more a feature. In an interview recently School Director David Oliver says: "The State law provides for the establishment and maintenance of cosmopolitan schools, and probably in no city in the United States does the necessity exist as it does in San Francisco. The cosmopolitan character of the city has made it necessary years ago to make the study of French and German part of the public school curriculum."

"Probably one of the most important features in the cosmopolitan work has been the introduction of Spanish. A knowledge of Spanish should be of great value to every one on this Coast in a commercial way on account of the proximity of the United States to Mexico, Central and South America, and also because that language is extensively used on our insular possessions in the Philippines and elsewhere. The Germans have been teaching Spanish in their schools for the last twenty years, and I have no doubt that that is largely responsible for the commercial success of Germany in Spanish-American countries. I understand also that Japan has introduced the language into her schools, all of which goes to show that the Japanese are fully aware of the opportunities, commercially and industrially, among the Spanish-speaking people of the Panama canal scheduled for completion within the next few years, San Francisco boys and girls will find that there is a future for them in any capacity, clerical or mechanical, in these Spanish-American countries. What the Germans have demonstrated should be a proof of what can be done there. Our people cannot all stay at home, and the knowledge of the world in the struggle for development of new countries. In this line, of course, modern languages are of immense importance in training the children of the schools."

"In San Francisco there are about 400 pupils taking German, 300 are taking French, and about 300 are studying Spanish. The sections of the city where these languages are taught are the Columbia Cosmopolitan School, on Florida street, near Twenty-fifth street; in the extreme Mission district, and the Adams Cosmopolitan School, on Eddy street, near Van Ness avenue. There is room in both of these schools for more pupils, and I think that the widest publicity should be given to the fact that it is possible for any boy or girl to gain a knowledge of these languages, and that it might be of great value to them in future years."

Miss Lillie Martin will act as student assistant to Miss Isabella Moore, teacher of cookery. Permission was granted this week by the Board of Education.

Permission was granted by the Board of Education to E. C. Boynton, temporarily to place samples of a dustless writing device in classrooms of the Hamilton, Horace Mann, Agassiz and Mission high schools.

The Board of Education has recommended to the Building Committee of the Board of Supervisors that a piece of land on the south line of Holloway avenue and Foxon street, at Lakewood, be purchased as a site for the new Lakewood School in the Ingleside district. The lot recommended is 225 feet by 275 feet.

Mrs. Della F. Hernandez has been appointed janitor of the new Lafayette School at Thirty-seventh and Point Lobos avenues.

The principal of the Bergerot School, at Twenty-fifth and Lake street, has been directed to transfer from his school to the Lafayette School, on Thirty-seventh avenue, between Point Lobos and Foxon street, all pupils residing west of Twenty-ninth avenue. The Lafayette School is a small building recently built to relieve the congestion of the schools in the Richmond district. The Board of Education some days ago established the dividing line between the Bergerot and Lafayette schools at Twenty-ninth avenue, and passed a resolution that the former school shall accept and enroll only such pupils as may reside east of that thoroughfare, and that the Lafayette enroll the children on the west side.

The drawings for the new commercial school, prepared by City Architect Newton J. Tharp, have been accepted by the Board of Education, with the suggestion that the gymnasium be located on the third floor and the assembly hall on the first floor.

Miss Eva M. Henderson has been appointed to act temporarily as an emergency substitute teacher in the domestic science department.

Colonel H. I. Seymour, commanding the Second Infantry, has announced the appointment of George Martin Bolin of Fresno as First Lieutenant and Battalion Adjutant of the Southern companies, and J. A. Buchanan as Second Lieutenant and Battalion Quartermaster and Commissary.

Lieutenant J. W. Southwick of Company K, Second Infantry, will soon learn the verdict of the court-martial, before which he was tried six weeks ago for an alleged violation of the regulations. General Koster has passed upon the proceedings, and with his recommendations has forwarded them to the Governor for final review.

Orders have been issued from brigade headquarters for the inspection of the three companies of the Second Infantry, located in the Sacramento valley, which could not be reached on account of the floods when Colonel Wilhelm was in that vicinity. The first inspection will take place at Woodland on March 24th. The company at Colusa will be the next to come under the eyes of the inspectors on March 25th, and the Chico company will follow on March 27th.

Arrangements are being made for an amateur performance of the military drama "At Tampa Bay," in which all the companies of the San Francisco battalion will take part. The play was recently given at Vacaville by the members of Company I, Second Infantry, and drew full houses two nights. At the beginning of next month it will be given in Sacramento by Companies E and G of the Second Regiment, and after that in San Francisco.

News of the Army and Navy

A PAPER of Topeka, Kan., has been making persistent attacks upon the Army, until the fighting blood of General Funston, in command of the Army Service Schools at Fort Leavenworth, has been aroused, and he has written a letter of which even the offending editor says: "General Funston's style was always pleasing and we are glad to get a letter from him even if the same is calculated, to take the hide off her and there."

The most objectionable shots by the paper have been aimed at the personnel of the service, the Army scandals, the "aristocracy" and "snobs" of the Army, the West Point Academy, and the soldier as a servile creature. To all of these assaults General Funston has answered in telling terms of dignity, though in a manner leaving little room for further criticism by those who stand without the intimate knowledge of army matters. An excerpt here and there will show the tenor of the pen of the Bag-Bag's hero. As to scandals: "The few scandals at Army posts that have attracted a steady line during the past few years have been exceptions to a general rule of good conduct and have involved an infinitesimal percentage of the officers. They were made more of by the press and the public from the fact that they arose in the Army."

"When you delivered yourself of a preachment on the pains case, did it ever occur to you that the whole affair arose not from the misdeed of an Army officer, but from a civilian, an editor—perhaps the thought—breaking up the home of a fellow man? Why did you not go for the magazine editors and wallop their depravity as shown by one of their number?" Referring to "aristocracy" and "snobs": "It is a mighty poor scrub of a man who cannot consider himself better than some of the people he comes in contact with. Army and Navy officers are just like civilians in this respect. Our officers come from every class of the population except the very rich; the vast majority of those who enter the military academy have come from respectable but comparatively humble homes. They are 'caught young,' and so are more readily taught the virtues of industry, sobriety and loyalty and inculcated with a sense of personal honor."

"Referring to the servile soldier: 'The type of soldier by which we are all so arrantly deceived is one who is safeguarded by law and regulations, and he knows it. He cannot be made to render any personal service to an officer against his will, but if he wishes to make extra money by caring for an officer's horse or his furnace, it is a matter of private arrangement, as if between civilians, and the soldier is paid for the work. An officer who attempted to compel such work would be up against a court-martial in short order.'

"You are worried because the enlisted man must salute an officer, but the latter is under as great obligation to return it. An officer would no more fail to return a salute than he would fail to lift his hat to a lady. 'The enlisted men are not plining to be invited to sit on the officers' porches or to be asked to take tea with the family, so why should others lash themselves into a frenzy over the matter? I would like to know the reply you would get if you were to question some old sergeant on this point.'

Through the retirement of Colonel George L. Anderson, formerly Inspector-General of the Department of California, which will occur on March 31st, four promotions will ensue. Major John C. W. Brooks, recently arrived at the Presidio from Governor's Island, will achieve his Lieutenant-Colonelcy. He graduated from the Military Academy in 1885, becoming a First Lieutenant in 1888, a Captain in 1890, attaining his Majorcy in March of 1906. Major Brooks also served creditably in the volunteer army from 1898 till 1900. Others who will be advanced by Colonel Anderson's retirement are Lieutenant-Colonel John V. White; Captain W. R. Smith and First Lieutenant Edward Canfield Jr. In fact the Coast Artillery has a number of promotions within its branch this month, the retirement of Colonel C. D. Parkhurst giving advance to Lieutenant-Colonel Charles P. Deems, Major S. M. Foote, Captain F. W. Cor and Lieutenant G. A. Wersorok. Lieutenant-Colonel George F. Barney retired on March 23rd, giving higher grades to Major C. H. Hunter, Captain George Blakeley and Lieutenant F. W. Clark.

Brigadier-General William Crozier, Chief of Ordnance, U. S. A., has announced that 1000 telescopic sights for issue to expert riflemen have been procured and issued to the service by the ordnance department. These sights have been fitted by actual firings to a like number of carefully selected and star-gauged United States magazine rifles, 30 caliber, model of 1903. This number of sights will provide for issues to about 60 per cent of the expert riflemen.

A request accompanies the announcement that necessary instructions be given to the commanding General of the Philippine Division and of the several departments to have the company commanders forward reports with reference to the suitability of these rifles and telescopic sights so as to reach the Chief of Ordnance by July 1st. This is to determine whether this telescopic sight in its method of attachment to the rifle can be improved before purchasing the remainder required to equip all the expert riflemen in the Army.

It is a popular misapprehension that a retired officer or soldier of the United States Army is quite exempt from all military discipline, though the following example proves the fallacy of such impression: The incident lies within the Department of California and will be recalled by several who have, however, never heard the result. A retired first sergeant went back to his old home in Switzerland to live, but soon after his retirement, and while still at the Presidio, was guilty of taking a soldier who was ordered by an officer in civilian clothes to button his blouse not to pay attention to the order, as the officer had no authority over the soldier on a public street.

Last June the permission granted the retired one to live in Switzerland was canceled, and he was ordered to appear for trial at the Presidio on charges of disrespect to an officer and of insubordination. The testimony showed that the non-commissioned officer had been intoxicated at the time of his misconduct, and the court, in view of his long service and good record, found him not guilty.

But Brigadier-General Frederick A. Smith disapproved the finding, saying the evidence had shown that the sergeant knew the officer was an Army officer, notwithstanding he wore civilian clothes, and that the accused admitted he knew him, and, therefore, the sergeant's act was distinctly insubordinate. But the findings of the court stood and the sergeant, though wiser and sadder, went forth a free man.

During the week beginning Monday, March 23d, trout for the three-cor-

EAGER TO HONOR DOCTOR BLUE

Citizens Arrange Great Banquet to Show Appreciation of His Work.

The Citizens' Health Committee is rapidly completing arrangements for the complimentary banquet which is to be given in honor of Dr. Rupert Blue, in charge of the United States Public Health and Marine Hospital Service, as a token of appreciation of his work in conjunction with the Citizens' Health Committee in cleaning the city. The citizens feel that they are indebted to Dr. Blue for the able and considerate manner in which he has handled the situation under trying circumstances. Invitations have been sent to the heads of the United States Public Health and Marine Hospital Service and to the members of the staff who assisted Dr. Blue in that work; to Governor Gillett, Mayor Taylor, prominent men in business and in the professions and the heads of Federal and State departments, besides to editors of the leading papers of the country. It afforded an opportunity to publish that San Francisco is the healthiest city in the United States. Invitations have also been sent to all subscribers to the sanitation fund.

The banquet will be given in the ballroom of the Fairmont Hotel on Wednesday evening, March 31st. The guests will be seated at round tables, an arrangement which will permit of the seating of those who may be invited by guests who have secured seats in advance. While the list of speakers has not been completed, it is known that Representative Gillett, Mayor Taylor, representatives of the United States Health Department, Mayor Taylor, prominent men in business and in the professions and the City Board of Health will be among the speakers. The committee in charge anticipates a very large attendance, and requests those who are entitled to seats to apply at once.

TRACE STOLEN SHOES TO MAN AT BAKERSFIELD

William V. Doherty Accused of Taking Valuables From Local Hotel. Police Judge Shortall issued a warrant yesterday for the arrest of William V. Doherty, who is said to be employed as second cook for the Home Supply Company of Bakersfield. Doherty is accused of grand larceny. He is alleged to have stolen on January 1st from the room of Joseph H. Russell, a chemist, at the Hotel Hopkins, a certificate for 200,000 shares of the capital stock of the Criddle Creek Mining Company, valued at \$1000; also a number of valuable insurance papers, two pairs of shoes and \$11. Doherty recently paid the shares in the hands of a Bakersfield broker, who notified the police. The stock was traced, with the result that Russell swore to a complaint yesterday. Detective Berganess Wren and Hordan have been detailed to bring Doherty back to the city.

ACCUSED OF EMBEZZLEMENT

A warrant was issued yesterday by Police Judge Shortall for the arrest of John H. Young on a charge of felony embezzlement. He is accused by Henry Simon of 22 Battery street of the embezzlement of twenty-nine fountain pens, valued at \$50, on February 1st.

Strong Healthy Women. If a woman is strong and healthy in a womanly way, motherhood means to her but little suffering. The trouble lies in the fact that the many women suffer from weakness and disease of the distinctly feminine organs and are unfitted for motherhood. This can be remedied. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. Cures the weaknesses and disorders of women. It acts directly on the delicate and important organs concerned in motherhood, making them healthy, strong, vigorous, virile and elastic. "Favorite Prescription" makes the indispositions of the period of expectancy and makes baby's advent easy and almost painless. It quickens and vitalizes the feminine organs, and ensures a healthy and robust baby. Thousands of women have testified to its marvelous merits. It makes Weak Women Strong. It makes Sick Women Well. Honest druggists do not offer substitutes, and urge them upon you as "just as good." Accept no secret nostrum in place of this sea-sure remedy. It contains not a drop of alcohol and not a grain of habit-forming or injurious drugs. Is a pure glyceric extract of healing, native American roots.

J. Magnin & Co. We beg to announce, as a special inducement, we will give until further notice, 10 PER CENT DISCOUNT throughout our entire store, including all new goods arriving daily. Van Ness Ave. at Bush St.

WHEREVER THERE'S PAIN APPLY AN ALLCOCK'S The only Genuine POROUS PLASTER Brandreth's Pills Established 1758. The Great Laxative and Blood Tonic NONE BETTER MADE.